

10.—Principal Statistics of the Manufacturing Industries of Canada, Classified According to the Purpose of the Principal Product, by Main Groups, Representative Years 1922-37, and in Detail for 1937—concluded.

Year and Purpose Heading.	Estab-lish-ments.	Capital.	Em-ployees.	Salaries and Wages.	Cost of Materials.	Gross Value of Products.
1937—DETAIL.	No.	\$	No.	\$	\$	\$
Food	8,696	441,611,585	96,740	94,656,930	558,118,480	792,271,852
Breadstuffs.....	4,563	162,381,951	40,545	38,432,614	187,147,700	283,851,023
Fish.....	597	18,130,385	5,427	3,354,771	16,318,781	26,088,625
Fruits and vegetables.....	348	47,488,051	10,630	7,194,477	30,620,211	50,289,711
Meats.....	2,056	66,530,319	13,487	17,501,007	149,803,975	183,984,578
Milk products.....	2,641	68,186,492	17,898	17,191,454	100,391,066	139,080,757
Oils and fats.....	5	288,864	50	57,151	135,793	243,650
Sugar.....	10	35,413,781	2,332	3,318,861	29,013,057	40,916,044
Infusions.....	90	15,495,053	2,149	2,657,789	20,691,430	27,035,275
Miscellaneous.....	237	27,696,689	4,222	4,948,806	23,996,467	40,782,189
Drink and Tobacco	668	187,487,631	21,646	24,398,951	68,935,399	152,152,105
Beverages, alcoholic.....	82	98,725,747	7,192	10,332,025	25,195,375	68,241,083
Beverages, non-alcoholic.....	477	22,636,140	4,614	5,253,349	9,745,963	26,166,189
Tobacco.....	109	66,125,744	9,840	8,813,607	33,994,061	57,744,833
Clothing	2,158	173,474,299	95,274	79,547,935	148,901,374	271,690,917
Boots and shoes.....	221	27,374,704	16,773	13,026,642	22,295,404	41,088,713
Fur goods.....	365	13,328,164	4,264	4,452,918	10,761,233	17,658,867
Garments, etc.....	1,138	69,515,001	46,299	39,292,606	78,820,222	139,348,996
Gloves and mittens.....	61	3,321,805	2,252	1,586,391	2,744,382	4,974,560
Hats and caps.....	190	7,481,243	4,997	4,618,406	6,880,397	14,216,258
Knitted goods.....	171	51,666,165	20,250	16,228,813	26,446,763	52,855,754
Waterproofs.....	12	787,217	439	342,159	952,973	1,547,769
Personal Utilities	634	43,476,516	12,420	12,729,626	28,185,411	55,289,473
Jewellery and time pieces.....	126	10,052,518	3,493	3,938,755	6,823,663	13,471,508
Recreational supplies.....	63	4,026,010	1,525	1,303,365	1,551,846	3,743,200
Personal utilities.....	445	29,397,988	7,402	7,487,506	19,809,902	38,074,765
House Furnishings	800	89,293,123	27,446	27,169,931	41,836,387	90,102,397
Books and Stationery	2,349	137,392,420	40,348	53,453,842	44,257,314	138,673,644
Vehicles and Vessels	376	248,949,257	55,141	71,890,706	186,070,917	319,280,534
Producers Materials	6,892	1,482,194,043	208,930	232,733,013	634,232,482	1,221,670,588
Farm materials.....	20	16,689,720	1,023	1,447,625	6,693,841	10,266,953
Manufacturers materials.....	1,065	1,149,348,303	134,849	164,149,435	492,318,256	940,799,516
Building materials.....	5,181	240,260,689	54,972	49,588,794	99,351,528	201,202,291
General materials.....	628	75,895,331	18,086	17,547,159	35,868,857	69,401,828
Industrial Equipment	2,086	629,908,231	97,250	119,070,287	280,546,886	551,891,976
Farming equipment.....	45	61,151,531	6,501	7,393,465	9,387,653	19,196,644
Manufacturing equipment.....	2,266	67,727,707	13,294	16,582,015	22,621,266	58,371,409
Trading equipment.....	155	8,745,988	1,902	2,231,747	1,309,849	6,043,134
Service equipment.....	295	35,865,792	7,017	8,406,233	13,805,258	36,976,826
Light, heat, and power equip-ment.....	543	268,388,906	34,189	44,202,476	144,702,996	251,211,070
General equipment.....	822	188,028,307	34,347	40,254,351	88,719,864	180,092,893
Miscellaneous	175	31,440,726	5,256	6,075,786	15,842,137	32,436,014

Subsection 3.—Manufactures Classified by Origin of the Materials.

A study of manufactures, classified upon the basis of origin, as presented in Table 11, leads to the analysis of manufacturing production from another angle, and interesting comparisons can be made with the external trade classification according to origin (see Table 15 of the External Trade chapter).

The distinction made between farm materials of Canadian and foreign origin is based on whether the materials are indigenous to Canada rather than on their actual source. Thus, the industries included in the foreign origin classes are those depending upon materials that cannot be grown in Canada, such as tea, coffee, spices, cane sugar, rice, rubber, cotton, etc. Industries included in the Canadian origin classes may be using large quantities of imported materials, however.

The mineral origin group includes, in addition to the non-ferrous metals so largely produced in Canada, the manufactures of iron and steel, of petroleum, and of other mineral substances the raw materials for which are very largely imported. Products of mineral origin, with the exception of fuels, are nearly all durable goods.